Ting Kau Bridge

Location Type of structure

Owner Completed Scope of our work

Architect Contractors Cooperation Hong Kong, China multi-span cable-stayed bridge with twin composite decks Highways Department Hong Kong 1998 conceptual design, construction design, site supervision schlaich bergermann und partner Ting Kau Contractors Joint Venture Flint & Neill (checking); Alan G. Davenport Wind Engineering Group, Ontario; Binnie, Hong Kong (foundations)

Technical data

Total length Spans Main tower height Ting Kau tower height Tsing Yi tower height Bridge width Deck surface Lanes 1,177 m (3,862 ft) 127 + 448 + 475 + 127 m 201.55 m 173.30 m 164.30 m 38 m 46,000 m² 2 x 4

Photos: Roland Halbe (right, left bottom), Alan Cook (left top)

schlaich bergermann und partner

The Ting Kau Bridge along with its approach bridges links the western New Territories as well as the mainland with the expressway Lantau Fixed Crossing, which connects the new Airport with Kowloon and Hong Kong. As one of the few realized multi-span cable-stayed bridges, the Ting Kau Bridge, with 1177 m of cable-supported deck, was at the time of its construction one of the worlds longest cable stayed bridges. A remarkable feature of this bridge structure are the two divided superstructures (composite superstructures consisting of a light-weight steel girder grillage and a pre-fabricated concrete deck slab), each 17.7 m wide. Single pylons are stabilized in the transverse direction by cables like masts of a sailboat; stabilization of the pylons between the two primary span widths via longitudinal cables between the pylon head and the crossing point of the superstructure with the neighboring pylons.

